LET'S VA

USER'S MANUAL

Carlos Iglesias Valencia

V 1.1

What is Let's VA

Introduction

Let's VA is a compilation of virtual analog synthesizers (VA) for PC3 and PC3k series Kurzweil Synthesizers (PC3LE series compatibility is not included).

Let's VA synthesizers lets the user control 93 synthesis parameters in real time without any additional hardware.

Let's VA makes the most of the PC3 to compete in sound, ease of use and fun with the VA synths that were created specifically for this function.

The Let's VA collection

Let's One	Main synthesizer
Let's One HP	Alternative with perpetual and quick attack and release envelopes
Let's One SP	Alternative with perpetual and long attack and release envelopes
Let's One HL	Alternative with limited and quick attack and release envelopes
Let's One SL	Alternative with perpetual and long attack and release envelopes
Let's 4P	Alternative with four poles low-pass filter
Let's BP	Alternative with 2 + 2 poles band-pass filter
Let's Multi chanı	Alternative with 16 sections, independently controlled from different MIDI nels

Accesories

The Let's One synthesizer is provided with labels that are disposed surrounding the physical buttons on the synthesizer to remind the user the parameters that are available.

The Let's One virtual synthesizer

Architecture

Let's One is a polyphonic virtual analog synthesizer.

It consists of three parallel twin sections, each one controlled by 31 parameters in real time. Each section can be set independently, but all of them responds to the keyboard and the tone wheel as one.

Each section consists of three stages: **oscillator, filter and amplifier**.



Oscillator Produces seven editable waveforms with two additional parameters and tone control.

Filter Resonant filter with eight separable poles.

Amplifier Amplifier with gain, noise, distortion and stereo position control.

Each stage supports an ASR envelope and a senoidal oscilator (LFO). The amplifier stages also allow a square shape LFO.

Use

Operating principles

The Let's One library uses PC3 Programs, Setups (more than one hundred) and quick access screens. All of them are necesary for its operation.

The user always works in Quick Access mode, where any screen is the main control pannel of a virtual synthesizer.

By selecting an option from the Quick Access screen, a Setup is loaded to access one of the nine stages of the synthesizer by the control sliders, the modulation wheel and the Program buttons.

How to load Let's VA to the PC3

Let's VA can be loaded to the PC3 from a computer or a XD card. It's assumed that it's going to be loaded from a computer.

- 1. Connect the synthesizer to the computer USB.
- 2. Boot the computer.
- 3. Open the folder or drive where the file LETS_VA.PC3 is.
- 4. Set the synthesizer in **Storage** mode.



5. Enable USB mode on the synthesizer: USB \rightarrow CHOOSE.





- 6. On the computer appears an icon called PC3. Doubleclick to open.
- 7. Copy the LETS_VA.PC3 file in the folder called PC3.



8. Push the synthesizer's LOAD button.



9. Select the file LETS_VA.PC3 and accept with OK.



10. Select the range of numbers where Programs, Setups and QA will be loaded. Should take note of the initial number. Caution: Let's VA has more than one hundred Setups, be sure you are using a sufficiently large free range.

Storage: Load	
15371664 (u) 16651792	
Load this file as: 17931920	
19212560 (u) Ever9thin9 (u)	
OvFill TOvWrte Merge (Append)Fill	Cancel

- 11. Choose the Append mode to ensure that data will not be destroyed.
- 12. Wait to load all the data.
- 13. Remove the PC3 drive from your computer's operating system.
- 14. Exit from the PC3 Store mode.

Setup

Before operating a Let's VA Synthesizer, is a good idea to place the labels as described in the pictures:



In order to access the Let's VA compilation of synthesizers, set the PC3 in Quick Access mode, and look for the first number of the range from which Let's VA was loaded.

QuickAcce	ssMode +Bank#1	.744 Let's One
01 Amp	02 Amp	03 Amp
01 0sc	02 <u>0s</u> c	0 <u>3</u> 0sc
01 Filt	02 Filt	03 Filt
	UN / RESET	
XPose: ØST	<u>03 Filt</u>	Setur
Octav-J0c	tav+]Chan+]Inf	o TXPose-TXPos

Now you can see the Let's One synthesizer main control screen. Use the **Chan/Layer** keys to navigate into the various synthesizers control screens.

To activate the synthesizer, first select **ON/RESET**. This loads the programs into its respective channels and set all the synthesizer's parameters to its minimum value.

QuickHoce:	ssMode +Ban	k: 1744 Let's One
01 Amp	02 Amp	03 Amp
01 Osc	02 0sc	03 0sc
01 Filt	02 Filt	03 Filt
	ON / RES	BET
XPose: ØST	03 Filt	Setur
Octav- Oc	tav+ Chan+	Info XPose- XPos

In a control screen, each column represents a section of the synthesizer (01, 02, 03), and each row represents a stage of the corresponding section (Amplifier, Oscillator and Filter).

Now, you must **select the synthesizer's section that you want to sound**. For that purpose, you simply select any stage of the section.

To choose an option from Quick Access, it is recommended to click, on the numeric keypad, the key whose physical position corresponds to the option on the Quick Access screen. So pushing an only button you can select any stage from any section.

The synthesizer don't sounds yet, because all sections are not activated until you select a **waveform**.



The potential waveforms are: sine, triangle, saw(triple), rectangle, noise, sine morphed to saw, and two FM operators. OFF key turns off the section again.

OK. Now you can play and hear your virtual analog synthesizer.



Synthesizer programming

Templates

The parameters that can be programmed on the synthesizer are shown on the attached mnemonic template. In cyan are all the parameters for the amplifier stages, in yellow, the parameters for the oscillator, and in magenta, the parameters for the filter.



There is also a mnemonic template for the modulation wheel:



The following section describes all the parameters, the order is the same as the sliders from **left to right**, and finally the modulation **wheel**.

Amplifier parameters

Amplitude	Amplitude (volume) of sound
Distortion	Amplifier distortion
Attack	Time that the volume takes to rise from zero to its maximum value
Sustain	Time that the volume takes to return to zero while a key is pressed. In the Let's One HP and Let's One SP synthesizers it has no effect.
Release	Time that the volume takes to return to zero after a key is released
□□Frequency	Frequency of the square wave LFO
L□→ Amp	Influence of the square LFO over the volume
Frequency	Frequency of the sine wave LFO
∽→ Amp	Influence of the sine LFO over the volume
Noise	Amplifier's noise

Modulation parameters

	Pitch		Tone of the sound. If the waveform is a noise, it controls the frequency of equalization. If the waveform is FM, it controls the tone of the modulator.
	Param 1		Modulation parameter that modifies the wave shape. It depends on the selected waveform.
		Sine	Shaper
		Triangle	Shaper
		Saw (triple)	Detuning beat
		Rectangular	Pulse width
		Ruido	Equalizer width
		Seno → Sierra	Morphing frome sine to saw
		FM	Modulator amplitude
	Attack		Time that the envelope takes to rise from zero to its maximum value
	Sustain		Time that the envelope takes to return to zero while a key is pressed.
	Release		Time that the envelope takes to return to zero after a key is released
	$ASR \rightarrow P$	itch	Envelope's influence on the tone
	$ASR \rightarrow P$	ar1	Envelope's influence on the Param1 parameter
		quency	Frequency of the sine LFO
	$\mathcal{O} \to \mathcal{P}$	Pitch	Sine LFO's influence on the tone
	Param 2		Modulation parameter that modifies the wave shape. It depends on the selected waveform.
		Sine	Distorstion: sine saturation until it seems a square wave
		Triangle	Quantization: The wave is cut into digital samples
		Saw (triple)	There is not second parameter
		Rectangle	Treble highlight
		Noise	Equalization volume
		$Seno \rightarrow Sierra$	Shaper
		FM	Fine tune of the modulator
Fi	ilter para	meters	
	Cutoff		Cutoff frequency of the filter
	Resonan	се	Resonance volume of the filter
	Attack Sustain		Time that the envelope takes to rise from zero to its maximum value
			Time that the envelope takes to return to zero while a key is pressed.
	Release		Time that the envelope takes to return to zero after a key is released
	$ASR \rightarrow C$	Cutoff	Envelope's influence on the filter's cutoff
	$ASR \rightarrow Res$		Envelope's influence on the filter's resonance
			Frequency of the sine LFO
	-		

O → CutoffSine LFO's influence on the filter's cutoffSlopeSeparation between filter's poles, In Let's4P has no effect, in Let'sBP
controls the cut frequency of the filter's high harmonics

Alternative control mode

For advanced users, a Quick Access control has been provided to access the parameters in alternative ways.

This control is made for the Let's One synthesizer, but you can load another synthesizer with its own ON/RESET option, and afterwards go to the Let's 1 alt con screen to control it.



Mixer

Designed to quickly mix the three sections.

The assignment of the sliders from left to right is:

- Volume of the section 01
- Volume of the section 02
- Volume of the section 03
- Stereo position of the section 01
- Stereo position of the section 02
- Stereo position of the section 03
- Tone of the section 01
- Tone of the section 02
- Tone of the section 0

Timbre combi 1

Controls the volume mix between the three section and the filter's static parameters for each section. It could be interesting for recording sessions or live mixes.

The assignment of the sliders from left to right is:

- Volume of the section 01
- Filter cutoff of the section 01
- Filter resonance of the section 01
- Volume of the section 02
- Filter cutoff of the section 02
- Filter resonance of the section 02
- Volume of the section 03
- Filter cutoff of the section 03

• Filter resonance of the section 03

Timbre combi 2

It controls the static parameters of the oscillator stage for the three sections.

It could be interesting for recording sessions or live mixes.

The sliders assignment from left to right is:

- Tone of the section 01
- Section's 01 parameter 1 (see "Modulation parameters")
- Section's 01 parameter 2 (see "Modulation parameters")
- Tone of the section 02
- Section's 02 parameter 1 (see "Modulation parameters")
- Section's 02 parameter 2 (see "Modulation parameters")
- Tone of the section 03
- Section's 03 parameter 1 (see "Modulation parameters")
- Section's 03 parameter 2 (see "Modulation parameters")

01 Timbre, 02 Timbre or 03 Timbre

Controls all the static parameters that affects the timbre of the section 1,2, or 3. Is useful to quickly programming a sound. From left to right:

- Volume
- Tone
- Parameter 1
- Parameter 2
- Filter cutoff
- Filter resonance
- Filter slope. In Let's BP is the highpass cutoff. In Let's 4P has no purpose
- Amplifier's distortion
- Amplifier's noise

Sync Amp, Sync Osc and Sync Filt

The controllers assignment is the same that in the common control Quick Access screens, but when the controller moves the value is changed for the three sections at time.

It can be useful to create "fat" sounds, where every section is very similar to the others.

To save and restores sounds

Save and restore into the synthesizer

Let's VA works in Quick Access mode. In this mode, since the 2.04 version of the Operating System, PC3 synthesizers allow to store all the MIDI CC controllers status using the Category buttons.

To save a sound, just maintain one of the 16 Category buttons pressed by three seconds and release.

To recover a sound, a Let's VA virtual synthesizer has to be running (if not, push ON/RESET), push the button that you used to save the sound and it will be restored.



To save and recover using an external memory

The 16 MIDI State Presets are a bank that can be saved entering the Storage mode, selecting a media and, next, pushing Export and MIDISt. Here you can select the file name and write.



Consider that the 16 available memories (one per button) store the MIDI status of the entire PC3, so, they will act differently depending on the active virtual synthesizer. It's a good idea to include a suffix on your bank name that will remember the virtual synth, by example: SL, HL or BP.

To recover a 16 memories bank with the sounds of a Let's VA synthesizer, enter the Storage mode, select the media where is saved and push Load. Here you can select the file (MST extension) and load it pushing OK.

